## PEER TEAM REPORT ON INSTITUTIONAL RE-ACCREDITATION OF

## DEVI AHILYA VISHWAVIDYALAYA

Section I: GENERAL	Information
1.1 Name & Address of the Institution:	Devi Ahilya Vishwavidyalaya Indore, M.P.
1.2 Year of Establishment:	1964
1.3 Current Academic Activities at the Institution (Numbers):	
Faculties/ Schools:	28
Departments/ Centres:	30
Programmes/ Courses offered:	21 UG, 52 PG
Permanent Faculty Members:	241
Permanent Support Staff:	446
Permanent Technical Staff	60
Students:	6764
1.4 Three major features in the institutional context (As perceived by the Peer Team):	<ul> <li>Large spectrum of professional programmes</li> <li>Intensive ICT infrastructure</li> <li>Strategic location to cater to tribal population</li> </ul>
1.5 Dates of visit of the Peer Team (A detailed visit schedule may be included as Annexure):	April 28 – May 1, 2008

1.6 Composition of the Peer Team which undertook the on- site visit:	
Chairperson	Prof. S.P. Thyagarajan Former Vice-Chancellor University of Madras 5, 1st Street, Nehru Nagar Adayar, Chennai – 600020
Member	Prof. A.V. Prasada Rao Professor, Department of Chemistry Andhra University Vishakapatnam - 530006

Member	Dr. Yoginder Verma Director UGC-Academic Staff College Himachal Pradesh University, Summer Hills, Shimla – 171005 Himachal Pradesh
Member	Prof. K. E. Raman Deputy Director (Administration) Birla Institute of Technology & Science Pilani – 333031, Rajasthan
Member	Prof. Supriya Chaudhuri Co-ordinator, Centre for Advanced Studies in English & Director School of Linguistics & Lang. Technology Jadavpur University Kolkata – 700032, (West Bengal)
NAAC Officer:	Dr. M.S. Shyamasundar Deputy Adviser, NAAC Bangalore –560072

Section II: CRITERION WISE ANALYSIS	Observations (Strengths and/or Weaknesses) on Key-Aspects (Please limit to three major ones for each and use telegraphic language (It is not necessary to indicate all the three bullets each time; write only the relevant ones)
2.1 Curricular Aspects :	
2.1.1 Curricular Design & Development:	<ul> <li>Job-oriented courses in most departments</li> <li>Process of regular updating of course contents</li> <li>Social sciences and humanities are minimally represented</li> </ul>
2.1.2 Academic Flexibility:	<ul> <li>CBCS yet to be introduced</li> <li>Interdepartmental mobility is limited</li> <li>Large number of programme options but interdisciplinary participation needs to be strengthened</li> </ul>
2.1.3 Feedback on Curriculum:	<ul> <li>Feedback is collected from all stake holders</li> <li>Feedback is utilized for updating courses in some departments</li> </ul>
2.1.4 Curriculum Update	<ul> <li>Curriculum is updated periodically</li> <li>Informal feedback from alumni and industry is taken into consideration for updating curricula of professional courses</li> </ul>

2.1.5 Best Practices in Curricular Aspects (if any):	Many professional courses to facilitate employability
	Innovative programmes with UGC
	/DST support are ongoing
	Frequent updating of syllabi

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2.2 Teaching-Learning & Evaluation:	
2.2.1 Admission Process and Student Profile:	<ul> <li>Wide publicity is given to admission process</li> <li>Admission on basis of entrance test held at centres all over India</li> <li>Access for socially and economically underprivileged groups carried out as per state/central government norms</li> </ul>
2.2.2 Catering to the Diverse Needs:	<ul> <li>State Govt. norms are followed in admission process for reserved categories and women</li> <li>Structured remedial courses for slow learners yet to be formalized</li> <li>Facilities have been created for visually challenged persons</li> </ul>
2.2.3 Teaching-Learning Process:	<ul> <li>Most classrooms are ICT enabled</li> <li>Lectures are supplemented by project work, seminars, assignments and on the job training</li> <li>The practical component in the teaching learning process may be strengthened to ensure student development</li> </ul>
2.2.4 Teacher Quality:	<ul> <li>Ph.D. qualified faculty as on date are 87% in science and 30% in engineering and management</li> <li>The vacancies in the regular faculty positions are being met by contractual appointments and visiting lecturers</li> <li>Some Refresher Courses have been organized by the Academic Staff College</li> </ul>
2.2.5 Evaluation Process and Reforms:	<ul> <li>The evaluation system is traditional but efficient</li> <li>Student grievances regarding evaluation are addressed and answer papers are shown to candidates</li> <li>Computerization of the examination process is under way</li> </ul>
2.2.6 Best Practices in Teaching-Learning and Evaluation (if any):	The teaching-learning process incorporates extensive ICT

2.3 Research, Consultancy & Extension:	<ul> <li>components</li> <li>Student participation in Board of studies</li> <li>Some value-added courses are available</li> </ul>
2.3.1 Promotion of Research:	<ul> <li>Some departments have funded research projects</li> <li>Starter grants, incentives, seed money for research yet to be introduced</li> <li>Student research/junior research fellowships are inadequate</li> </ul>
2.3.2 Research and Publications Output:	<ul> <li>Some departments have good research publications</li> <li>There are three patent applications</li> <li>More national and international conferences/workshops/seminars may be organized</li> </ul>
2.3.3 Consultancy:	<ul> <li>Industry-Institute Partnership Cell is yet to be established</li> <li>A few departments are offering consultancy services</li> <li>The University has potential for offering consultancy services in many areas</li> </ul>
2.3.4 Extension Activities:	<ul> <li>Structured extension programmes are limited</li> <li>Adult and Continuing Education programmes are inadequate</li> <li>NSS activities are in progress</li> </ul>
2.3.5 Collaborations:  2.3.6 Best Practices in Research, Consultancy	<ul> <li>A few MOUs have been signed with national/international institutes, professional bodies and research laboratories</li> <li>Some faculty have established linkages at individual level</li> </ul>
& Extension: (if any):	<ul> <li>Partial funding for membership off professional bodies is given to faculty</li> <li>A few departments are UGC-SAP and DST-FIST assisted</li> </ul>
2.4 Infrastructure and Learning Resources:	
2.4.1 Physical Facilities for Learning:	<ul> <li>Augmentation of building infrastructure is commendable</li> <li>Most departments have adequate well furnished and ICT enabled classrooms</li> <li>Optimal utilization of equipments and</li> </ul>

2.4.2 Maintenance of Infrastructure:	<ul> <li>computer resources still to be achieved</li> <li>While new buildings are coming up, older buildings require renovation</li> <li>Maintenance of laboratories and introduction of fire safety devices are</li> </ul>
2.4.3 Library as a Learning Resource	<ul> <li>University library has a fairly large collection of books, journals and e-journals</li> <li>Most departments have their own departmental libraries</li> <li>Library automation is in progress</li> </ul>
2.4.4 ICT as Learning Resource:	<ul> <li>Pro-active strengthening of ICT through IT Centre, Computer Networking, Wi-Fi connectivity and LCD/internet facility in classrooms</li> <li>ICT materials used for teaching-learning process by faculty</li> <li>Language laboratories yet to be set up</li> </ul>
2.4.5 Other Facilities:	<ul> <li>Well recognized EMRC with EDUSAT connectivity offers Gyanvani programmes from the campus</li> <li>Excellent auditoria, good sports hall and playing fields</li> <li>Canteens, parking areas are under- developed; University transport facilities are lacking.</li> </ul>
2.4.6 Best Practices in the development of Infrastructure and Learning Resources (if any):	<ul> <li>EMRC prepares e-content as teaching materials</li> <li>Good planning for future development of physical infrastructure</li> <li>Day Care Centre and Health Centre have been set up</li> </ul>
2.5 Student Support and Progression:	
2.5.1 Student Progression:	<ul> <li>Good placement record for professional courses</li> <li>Integrated PG programmes for +2 passed students</li> <li>Horizontal mobility is limited</li> </ul>
2.5.2 Student Support:	<ul> <li>Admission brochure is published</li> <li>Good hostel facilities available for both boys and girls</li> <li>Grievance Redressal mechanism, Career Guidance, Counselling Services, Central Placement Centre</li> </ul>

	yet to be institutionalized
2.5.3 Student Activities:	<ul> <li>Students maintain commendable profile in national and state-wide sports and cultural activities</li> <li>Students and faculty participate through shramdan for green campus programme</li> </ul>
2.5.4 Best Practices in Student Support and Progression (if any):	<ul> <li>Sufficient equipment and software for visually challenged students</li> <li>Students offered internship opportunities in some professional courses</li> <li>Alumni Association has been formed in some departments</li> </ul>
2.6 Governance and Leadership: 2.6 1 Institutional Vision and Leadership:	Mission and objectives clearly snelt

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2.6 Governance and Leadership:	
2.6.1 Institutional Vision and Leadership:	<ul> <li>Mission and objectives clearly spelt out</li> <li>Pro-active and effective leadership</li> <li>Scope for liberal arts, social sciences and humanities are not on par with professional studies</li> </ul>
2.6.2 Organizational Arrangements:	<ul> <li>Statutory meetings held democratically as per norms</li> <li>Committee-mediated decisions assist organizational activities</li> <li>School concept of academic organization is not in tune with national model</li> </ul>
2.6.3 Strategy Development and Deployment:	<ul> <li>Long-term strategy has to be conceived as Action Plan</li> <li>Deployment of resources largely geared towards creation of physical infrastructure, laboratories and equipment</li> </ul>
2.6.4 Human Resource Management:	<ul> <li>University has taken initiatives for filling up vacant faculty positions</li> <li>Manpower preparedness for computerization and automation is in the initial stages</li> <li>Modern methods of performance appraisal still to be introduced</li> </ul>
2.6.5 Financial Management and Resource Mobilization:	<ul> <li>Highly commendable resource mobilization through self-financed programmes</li> <li>Limited financial autonomy given to departments</li> <li>Effective use of financial resources</li> </ul>

	for infrastructure augmentation
2.6.6 Best Practices in Governance and Leadership (if any):	<ul> <li>Full academic autonomy to departments through Ordinance 31</li> <li>University is on the way towards introducing full automation</li> </ul>
2.7 Innovative Practices:	
2.7.1 Internal Quality Assurance System:	IQAC in the university is not functioning effectively
2.7.2 Inclusive Practices:	<ul> <li>More than 30% of the students are girls</li> <li>There is provision for SC/ST/OBC reservation in self-financing professional courses as well</li> </ul>
2.7.3 Stakeholder Relationships:	<ul> <li>Relations with Industry, Alumni and others are commendable</li> <li>Periodic campus interviews in professional courses are facilitated</li> </ul>

Section III: OVERALL ANALYSIS	Observations (Please limit to five major ones for
	each and use telegraphic language) (It is not
	necessary to denote all the five bullets for each)
3.1 Institutional Strengths:	<ul> <li>Self-financed career-oriented professional courses</li> <li>Good ICT infrastructure and partly Wi-Fi Campus</li> <li>Good placement records in professional courses</li> <li>Visionary leadership</li> <li>Full academic autonomy and moderate financial autonomy</li> </ul>
3.2 Institutional Weaknesses:	<ul> <li>Disproportionate stress on professional courses as compared to liberal arts, humanities and social sciences</li> <li>Quality research publications and funded research projects by faculty yet to be raised to national standards</li> <li>Lack of mechanism for consultancy and extension programmes</li> <li>Lack of formal IQAC for quality sustenance and quality enhancement</li> </ul>
3.3 Institutional Opportunities:	<ul> <li>Availability of vast land area for expansion of infrastructure and University programmes</li> <li>Outreach through educational and community-oriented programmes in tribal areas</li> <li>National and international linkages to be formalized in cutting-edge areas</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Interdisciplinary and interdepartmental programmes</li> <li>Participatory learning, entrepreneurship training and internship opportunities may be provided to meet global needs</li> </ul>			
3.4 Institutional Challenges:	<ul> <li>Administrative preparedness for switch-over to computerization and automation</li> <li>Building up of quality faculty</li> <li>Inclusive education to discharge social responsibility</li> <li>Employability of students of all disciplines and education programmes</li> <li>Enhancing organizational management and quality of educational programmes in affiliated colleges</li> </ul>			
Section IV: RECOMMENDATIONS FOR QUALITY				
ENHANCEMENT OF THE INSTITUTION				
(Please limit to <i>ten major ones</i> and use telegraphic language)				

(It is not necessary to indicate all the ten bullets)

- Holistic development of the university as an institution of equal opportunity for liberal arts, humanities and social sciences on par with professional courses, science and technology
- Introduction of CBCS to facilitate interdisciplinary and interdepartmental interaction in teaching and research programmes
- Establishment of computer-assisted language laboratory with suitable software to provide communication skills and life skills to all sections of students
- Establishment of centralized placement cell to facilitate career guidance and employment opportunities to students of all streams
- Formal establishment of industry-institute partnership cell with statutory consultancy rules to intensify consultancy activities and industry interaction
- Establishment of Grievance Redressal Cell, Prevention of Sexual Harassment Cell, Counselling Centre for students and staff with formal guidelines
- Modernization of examination process to bring transparency, security and justice
- Encouragement of pro-active community based academic and extension programmes for students to nurture values and social responsibilities
- Augmentation of in-depth research programmes through sponsored and industrysupported research and through UGC-SAP/DST/DBT and related programmes/funding agencies
- Intensification of quality sustenance and quality enhancement activities on continuous basis through formalized Internal Quality Assurance Cell and Academic and Administrative Audit Committee as per the norms of NAAC & UGC respectively

I agree with the Observations of the Peer Team as mentioned in this report.

Signature of the Vice-chancellor

Place: Date:

## Seal of the Institution

Signatures of the Peer Team Members:

Name and Designation		Signature with date
Prof. S.P. Thyagarajan	Chairperson	
Prof. A.V. Prasada Rao	Member	
Dr. Yoginder Verma	Member	
Prof. K.E. Raman	Member	

Prof. Supriya Chaudhuri	Member	
Dr. M.S. Shyamasundar	Co-ordinator	

Place: Indore Date: